

# Integer Rules

## Adding Integers Using Absolute Values

Find each sum.

**A**  $-7 + (-4)$

The signs are the **same**. Find the **sum** of the absolute values.

$$-7 + (-4) \quad \text{Think: } 7 + 4 = 11.$$

$$-11 \quad \text{Use the sign of the two integers.}$$

**B**  $-8 + 6$

The signs are **different**. Find the **difference** of the absolute values.

$$-8 + 6 \quad \text{Think: } 8 - 6 = 2.$$

$$-2 \quad \text{Use the sign of the integer with the greater absolute value.}$$

## Subtracting Integers by Adding the Opposite

Find each difference.

**A**  $5 - 9$

$$5 - 9 = 5 + (-9) \quad \text{Add the opposite of 9.}$$
$$= -4$$

**B**  $-9 - (-2)$

$$-9 - (-2) = -9 + 2 \quad \text{Add the opposite of } -2$$
$$= -7$$

**C**  $-4 - 3$

$$-4 - 3 = -4 + (-3) \quad \text{Add the opposite of 3.}$$
$$= -7$$

## Multiplying and Dividing Two Integers

If the signs are:

the same



Your answer will be:

positive

different



negative

## Multiplying Integers

Find each product.

**A**  $-4 \cdot (-2)$

$$-4 \cdot (-2) \quad \text{Both signs are negative, so the product is positive.}$$
$$8$$

**B**  $-3 \cdot 6$

$$-3 \cdot 6 \quad \text{The signs are different, so the product is negative.}$$
$$-18$$

## Dividing Integers

Find each quotient.

**A**  $72 \div (-9)$  The signs are different, so the quotient is negative.

$$72 \div (-9) = -8$$

**B**  $-100 \div (-5)$  The signs are the same, so the quotient is positive.

$$-100 \div (-5) = 20$$